

# NORTH CAROLINA REPORTS

---

VOLUME 367

---

SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA



---

27 JUNE 2013

---

23 JANUARY 2015

---

RALEIGH  
2015

**In the Supreme Court of North Carolina**

**Order Adopting Amendments to the Rules Implementing  
Mediation in Matters Before the Clerk of Superior Court**

WHEREAS, Section 7A-38.3B of the North Carolina General Statutes establishes a statewide system of mediations to facilitate the resolution of matters pending before Clerks of Superior Court and,

WHEREAS, N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B(b) enables this Court to implement section 7A-38.3B by adopting rules and amendments to rules concerning said mediations.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B(b), the Rules Implementing Mediation In Matters Before the Clerk of Superior Court are hereby amended to read as in the following pages. These amended Rules shall be effective on the 1st day of April, 2014.

Adopted by the Court in conference the 23rd day of January, 2014. The Appellate Division Reporter shall promulgate by publication as soon as practicable the portions of the Rules Implementing Mediation in Matters Before the Clerk of Superior Court amended through this action in the advance sheets of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals.

Hudson, J., Recused.

s/Beasley, J.  
For the Court

**RULES IMPLEMENTING MEDIATION IN MATTERS BEFORE  
THE CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT****TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. Ordering the Mediation.
2. Designation of Mediator.
3. Conducting the Mediation.
4. Duties of Participants in the Mediation.
5. Sanctions for Failure to Attend the Mediation or Pay Mediator's Fee.
6. Authority and Duties of Mediators.
7. Compensation of the Mediator.
8. Mediator Qualifications.
9. Mediator Training Program Qualifications.
10. Procedural Details.
11. Definitions.
12. Time Limits.

**RULE 1. INITIATING MEDIATION IN MATTERS BEFORE  
THE CLERK**

- A. PURPOSE OF MANDATORY MEDIATION.** These Rules are promulgated pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B to implement mediation in certain cases within the clerk's jurisdiction. The procedures set out here are designed to focus the parties' attention on settlement and resolution rather than on preparation for contested hearings and to provide a structured opportunity for settlement negotiations to take place. Nothing herein is intended to limit or prevent the parties from engaging in other settlement efforts voluntarily either prior to or after the filing of a matter with the clerk.
- B. DUTY OF COUNSEL TO CONSULT WITH CLIENTS AND OPPOSING COUNSEL CONCERNING SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES.** In furtherance of this purpose, counsel, upon being retained to represent a party to a matter before the clerk, shall discuss the means available to the parties through mediation and other settlement procedures to resolve their disputes without resort to a contested hearing. Counsel shall also discuss with each other what settlement procedure and which neutral third party would best suit their clients and the matter in controversy.
- C. INITIATING THE MEDIATION BY ORDER OF THE CLERK.**
- (1) Order by The Clerk of Superior Court.** The clerk of superior court of any county may, by written order, require all persons and entities identified in Rule 4 to

attend a mediation in any matter in which the clerk has original or exclusive jurisdiction, except those matters under N.C.G.S. Chapters 45 and 48 and those matters in which the jurisdiction of the clerk is ancillary.

- (2) **Content of Order.** The order shall be on a North Carolina Administrative Office of the Courts (NCAOC) form and shall:
  - (a) require that a mediation be held in the case;
  - (b) establish deadlines for the selection of a mediator and completion of the mediation;
  - (c) state the names of the persons and entities who shall attend the mediation;
  - (d) state clearly that the persons ordered to attend have the right to select their own mediator as provided by Rule 2;
  - (e) state the rate of compensation of the court appointed mediator in the event that those persons do not exercise their right to select a mediator pursuant to Rule 2; and
  - (f) state that those persons shall be required to pay the mediator's fee in shares determined by the clerk.
  
- (3) **Motion for Court Ordered Mediation.** In matters not ordered to mediation, any party, interested persons or fiduciary may file a written motion with the clerk requesting that mediation be ordered. Such motion shall state the reasons why the order should be allowed and shall be served in accordance with Rule 5 of the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure (N.C.R.Civ.P.) on non-moving parties, interested persons and fiduciaries designated by the clerk or identified by the petitioner in the pleadings. Objections to the motion may be filed in writing within five days after the date of the service of the motion. Thereafter, the clerk shall rule upon the motion without a hearing and notify the parties or their attorneys of the ruling.
  
- (4) **Informational Brochure.** The clerk shall serve a brochure prepared by the Dispute Resolution Commission (Commission) explaining the mediation process

and the operations of the Commission along with the order required by Rule 1.C(1) and 1.C(3).

- (5) **Motion to Dispense With Mediation.** A named party, interested person or fiduciary may move the clerk of superior court to dispense with a mediation ordered by the clerk. Such motion shall state the reasons the relief is sought and shall be served on all persons ordered to attend and the mediator. For good cause shown, the clerk may grant the motion.
- (6) **Dismissal of Petition For the Adjudication of Incompetence.** The petitioner shall not voluntarily dismiss a petition for adjudication of incompetence after mediation is ordered.

## **RULE 2. DESIGNATION OF MEDIATOR**

- A. DESIGNATION OF CERTIFIED MEDIATOR BY AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.** The parties may designate a mediator certified by the Commission by agreement within a period of time as set out in the clerk's order. However, the parties may only designate mediators certified for estate and guardianship matters pursuant to these Rules for estate or guardianship matters.

The petitioner shall file with the clerk a Designation of Mediator within the period set out in the clerk's order; however, any party may file the designation. The party filing the designation shall serve a copy on all parties and the mediator designated to conduct the mediation. Such designation shall state the name, address and telephone number of the mediator designated; state the rate of compensation of the mediator; state that the mediator and persons ordered to attend have agreed upon the designation and rate of compensation; and state under what rules the mediator is certified. The notice shall be on a NCAOC form.

- B. APPOINTMENT OF MEDIATOR BY THE CLERK.** In the event a Designation of Mediator is not filed with the clerk within the time for filing stated in the clerk's order, the clerk shall appoint a mediator certified by the Commission. The clerk shall appoint only those mediators certified pursuant to these Rules for estate and guardianship matters to those matters. The clerk may appoint any certified mediator who has expressed a desire to be appointed to mediate all other matters within the jurisdiction of the clerk.

Except for good cause, mediators shall be appointed by the clerk by rotation from a list of those certified mediators who wish to be appointed for matters within the clerk's jurisdiction, without regard to occupation, race, gender, religion, national origin, disability or whether they are an attorney.

As part of the application or annual certification renewal process, all mediators shall designate those counties for which they are willing to accept court appointments. Each designation shall be deemed to be a representation that the designating mediator has read and will abide by the local rules for, and will accept appointments from, the designated county and will not charge for travel time and expenses incurred in carrying out his/her duties associated with those appointments. A refusal to accept an appointment in a county designated by the mediator may be grounds for removal from said county's court appointment list by the Commission or by the clerk of that county.

The Commission shall furnish to the clerk of each county a list of those superior court mediators requesting appointments in that county who are certified in estate and guardianship proceedings, and those certified in other matters before the clerk. Said list shall contain the mediators' names, addresses and telephone numbers and shall be provided electronically through the Commission's website at [www.ncdrc.org](http://www.ncdrc.org). The Commission shall promptly notify the clerk of any disciplinary action taken with respect to a mediator on the list of certified mediators for the county.

- C. MEDIATOR INFORMATION DIRECTORY.** The Commission shall maintain for the consideration of the clerks of superior court and those designating mediators for matters within the clerk's jurisdiction, a directory of certified mediators who request appointments in those matters and a directory of those mediators who are certified pursuant to these Rules. Said directory shall be maintained on the Commission's website at [www.ncdrc.org](http://www.ncdrc.org).
- D. DISQUALIFICATION OF MEDIATOR.** Any person ordered to attend a mediation pursuant to these Rules may move the clerk of superior court of the county in which the matter is pending for an order disqualifying the mediator. For good cause, such order shall be entered. If the mediator is disqualified, a replacement mediator shall be designated

or appointed pursuant to Rule 2. Nothing in this provision shall preclude mediators from disqualifying themselves.

### **RULE 3. THE MEDIATION**

- A. WHERE MEDIATION IS TO BE HELD.** The mediated settlement conference shall be held in any location agreeable to the parties and the mediator. If the parties cannot agree to a location, the mediator shall be responsible for reserving a neutral place in the county where the action is pending and making arrangements for the conference and for giving timely notice of the time and location of the conference to all attorneys, *pro se* parties, and other persons required to attend.
- B. WHEN MEDIATION IS TO BE HELD.** The clerk's order issued pursuant to Rule 1.C(3) shall state a deadline for completion of the mediation. The mediator shall set a date and time for the mediation pursuant to Rule 6.B(5) and shall conduct the mediation before that date unless the date is extended by the clerk.
- C. EXTENDING DEADLINE FOR COMPLETION.** The clerk may extend the deadline for completion of the mediation upon the clerk's own motion, upon stipulation of the parties or upon suggestion of the mediator.
- D. RECESSES.** The mediator may recess the mediation at any time and may set times for reconvening which are prior to the deadline for completion. If the time for reconvening is set before the mediation is recessed, no further notification is required for persons present at the mediation.
- E. THE MEDIATION IS NOT TO DELAY OTHER PROCEEDINGS.** The mediation shall not be cause for the delay of other proceedings in the matter, including the completion of discovery, the filing or hearing of motions or the hearing of the matter, except by order of the clerk of superior court.

### **RULE 4. DUTIES OF PARTIES, ATTORNEYS AND OTHER PARTICIPANTS IN MEDIATIONS**

#### **A. ATTENDANCE.**

- (1) Persons ordered by the clerk to attend a mediation conducted pursuant to these Rules shall physically

attend until an agreement is reduced to writing and signed as provided in Rule 4.B or an impasse has been declared. Any such person may have the attendance requirement excused or modified, including the allowance of that person's participation by telephone or teleconference:

- (a)** By agreement of all persons ordered to attend and the mediator, or
  - (b)** By order of the clerk of superior court, upon motion of a person ordered to attend and notice of the motion to all other persons ordered to attend and the mediator.
- (2)** Any person ordered to attend a mediation conducted pursuant to these Rules that is not a natural person or a governmental entity shall be represented at the mediation by an officer, employee or agent who is not such person's outside counsel and who has been authorized to decide on behalf of such party whether and on what terms to settle the matter.
- (3)** Any person ordered to attend a mediation conducted pursuant to these Rules that is a governmental entity shall be represented at the mediation by an employee or agent who is not such entity's outside counsel and who has authority to decide on behalf of such entity whether and on what terms to settle the matter; provided, however, if under law proposed settlement terms can be approved only by a governing board, the employee or agent shall have authority to negotiate on behalf of the governing board.
- (4)** An attorney ordered to attend a mediation pursuant to these Rules has satisfied the attendance requirement when at least one counsel of record for any person ordered to attend has attended the mediation.
- (5)** Other persons may participate in the mediation at the discretion of the mediator.
- (6)** Persons ordered to attend shall promptly notify the mediator after selection or appointment of any significant problems they may have with dates for mediation sessions before the completion deadline and shall keep the mediator informed as to such prob-



lems as may arise before an anticipated session is scheduled by the mediator.

**B. FINALIZING AGREEMENT.**

- (1) If an agreement is reached at the mediation, in matters that, as a matter of law, may be resolved by the parties by agreement, the parties to the agreement shall reduce its terms to writing and sign it along with their counsel. The parties shall designate a person who will file a consent judgment or one or more voluntary dismissals with the clerk and that person shall sign the mediator's report. If agreement is reached in such matters prior to the mediation or during a recess, the parties shall inform the mediator and the clerk that the matter has been settled and, within 10 calendar days of the agreement being reached, file a consent judgment or voluntary dismissal(s).
- (2) In all other matters, including guardianship and estate matters, if an agreement is reached upon some or all of the issues at mediation, the persons ordered to attend shall reduce its terms to writing and sign it along with their counsel, if any. Such agreements are not binding upon the clerk but they may be offered into evidence at the hearing of the matter and may be considered by the clerk for a just and fair resolution of the matter. Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a mediation where an agreement is reached is admissible pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B(g)(3).

All written agreements reached in such matters shall include the following language in a prominent place in the document:

“This agreement is not binding on the clerk but will be presented to the clerk as an aid to reaching a just resolution of the matter.”

**C. PAYMENT OF MEDIATOR'S FEE.** The persons ordered to attend the mediation shall pay the mediator's fee as provided by Rule 7.

**D. NO RECORDING.** There shall be no stenographic, audio or video recording of the mediation process by any participant. This prohibition precludes recording either surreptitiously or with the agreement of the parties.

**RULE 5. SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO ATTEND MEDIATION OR PAY MEDIATOR'S FEE**

Any person ordered to attend a mediation pursuant to these Rules who fails without good cause to attend or to pay a portion of the mediator's fee in compliance with N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B and the Rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of North Carolina (Supreme Court) to implement that section, shall be subject to contempt powers of the clerk and the clerk may impose monetary sanctions. Such monetary sanctions may include, but are not limited to, the payment of fines, attorney fees, mediator fees, expenses and loss of earnings incurred by persons attending the mediation.

A person seeking sanctions against another person shall do so in a written motion stating the grounds for the motion and the relief sought. Said motion shall be served upon all persons ordered to attend. The clerk may initiate sanction proceedings upon his/her own motion by the entry of a show cause order. If the clerk imposes sanctions, the clerk shall do so, after notice and a hearing, in a written order making findings of fact and conclusions of law. An order imposing sanctions is reviewable by the superior court in accordance with N.C.G.S. § 1-301.2 and N.C.G.S. § 1-301.3, as applicable, and thereafter by the appellate courts in accordance with N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.1(g).

**RULE 6. AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF MEDIATORS****A. AUTHORITY OF MEDIATOR.**

- (1) **Control of the Mediation.** The mediator shall at all times be in control of the mediation and the procedures to be followed. The mediator's conduct shall be governed by Standards of Professional Conduct for Mediators (Standards) promulgated by the Supreme Court.
- (2) **Private Consultation.** The mediator may communicate privately with any participant or counsel prior to, during and after the mediation. The fact that private communications have occurred with a participant before the conference shall be disclosed to all other participants at the beginning of the mediation.

**B. DUTIES OF MEDIATOR.**

- (1) The mediator shall define and describe the following at the beginning of the mediation:

- (a) The process of mediation;
  - (b) The costs of the mediation and the circumstances in which participants will not be taxed with the costs of mediation;
  - (c) That the mediation is not a trial, the mediator is not a judge, and the parties retain their right to a hearing if they do not reach settlement;
  - (d) The circumstances under which the mediator may meet and communicate privately with any of the parties or with any other person;
  - (e) Whether and under what conditions communications with the mediator will be held in confidence during the conference;
  - (f) The inadmissibility of conduct and statements as provided by N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.3B;
  - (g) The duties and responsibilities of the mediator and the participants; and
  - (h) That any agreement reached will be reached by mutual consent and reported to the clerk as provided by rule.
- (2) **Disclosure.** The mediator has a duty to be impartial and to advise all participants of any circumstances bearing on possible bias, prejudice or partiality.
- (3) **Declaring Impasse.** It is the duty of the mediator to determine in a timely manner that an impasse exists and that the mediation should end. To that end, the mediator shall inquire of and consider the desires of the parties to cease or continue the mediation.
- (4) **Reporting Results of Mediation.**
- (a) The mediator shall report to the court on a NCAOC form within five days of completion of the mediation whether or not the mediation resulted in a settlement or impasse. If settlement occurred prior to or during a recess of a mediation, the mediator shall file the report of settlement within five days of learning of the settlement and, in addition to the other information required, report who informed the mediator of the settlement.

- (b) The mediator's report shall identify those persons attending the mediation, the time spent in and fees charged for mediation, and the names and contact information for those persons designated by the parties to file such consent judgment or dismissal(s) with the clerk as required by Rule 4.B. Mediators shall provide statistical data for evaluation of the mediation program as required from time to time by the Commission or the NCAOC. Mediators shall not be required to send agreements reached in mediation to the clerk, except in estate and guardianship matters and other matters which may be resolved only by order of the clerk.
- (c) Mediators who fail to report as required pursuant to this Rule shall be subject to the contempt power of the court and sanctions.

**(5) Scheduling and Holding the Mediation.** It is the duty of the mediator to schedule the mediation and conduct it prior to the mediation completion deadline set out in the clerk's order. The mediator shall make an effort to schedule the mediation at a time that is convenient with all participants. In the absence of agreement, the mediator shall select a date and time for the mediation. Deadlines for completion of the mediation shall be strictly observed by the mediator unless said time limit is changed by a written order of the clerk of superior court.

**RULE 7. COMPENSATION OF THE MEDIATOR**

- A. BY AGREEMENT.** When the mediator is stipulated by the parties, compensation shall be as agreed upon between the parties and the mediator.
- B. BY ORDER OF THE CLERK.** When the mediator is appointed by the clerk, the parties shall compensate the mediator for mediation services at the rate of \$150 per hour. The parties shall also pay to the mediator a one-time, per case administrative fee of \$150 that is due upon appointment.
- C. PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION.** In matters within the clerk's jurisdiction that, as a matter of law, may be resolved by the parties by agreement the mediator's fee

shall be paid in equal shares by the parties unless otherwise agreed to by the parties. Payment shall be due upon completion of the mediation.

In all other matters before the clerk, including guardianship and estate matters, the mediator's fee shall be paid in shares as determined by the clerk. A share of a mediator's fee may only be assessed against the estate of a decedent, a trust or a guardianship or against a fiduciary or interested person upon the entry of a written order making specific written findings of fact justifying the taxing of costs.

**D. CHANGE OF APPOINTED MEDIATOR.** Parties who fail to select a certified mediator within the time set out in the clerk's order and then desire a substitution after the clerk has appointed a certified mediator, shall obtain the approval of the clerk for the substitution. The clerk may approve the substitution only upon proof of payment to the clerk's original appointee the \$150 one time, per case administrative fee, any other amount due and owing for mediation services pursuant to Rule 7.B, and any postponement fee due and owing pursuant to Rule 7.F, unless the clerk determines that payment of the fees would be unnecessary or inequitable.

**E. INDIGENT CASES.** No person ordered to attend a mediation found to be indigent by the clerk for the purposes of these Rules shall be required to pay a share of the mediator's fee. Any person ordered by the clerk of superior court to attend may move the clerk for a finding of indigence and to be relieved of that person's obligation to pay a share of the mediator's fee. The motion shall be heard subsequent to the completion of the mediation or if the parties do not settle their matter, subsequent to its conclusion. In ruling upon such motions, the clerk shall apply the criteria enumerated in N.C.G.S. § 1-110(a), but shall take into consideration the outcome of the matter and whether a decision was rendered in the movant's favor. The clerk shall enter an order granting or denying the person's request. Any mediator conducting a mediation pursuant to these Rules shall waive the payment of fees from persons found by the court to be indigent.

**F. POSTPONEMENTS.**

(1) As used herein, the term "postponement" shall mean reschedule or not proceed with mediation once the

mediator has scheduled a date for a session of the mediation. After mediation has been scheduled for a specific date, a person ordered to attend may not unilaterally postpone the mediation.

- (2) A mediation session may be postponed by the mediator for good cause beyond the control of the movant only after notice by the movant to all persons of the reasons for the postponement and a finding of good cause by the mediator. A postponement fee shall not be charged in such circumstance.
- (3) Without a finding of good cause, a mediator may also postpone a scheduled mediation session with the consent of all parties. A fee of \$150 shall be paid to the mediator if the postponement is allowed or if the request is within two business days of the scheduled date the fee shall be \$300. The person responsible for it shall pay the postponement fee. If it is not possible to determine who is responsible, the clerk shall assess responsibility. Postponement fees are in addition to the one time, per case administrative fee provided for in Rule 7.B. A mediator shall not charge a postponement fee when the mediator is responsible for the postponement
- (4) If all persons ordered to attend select the mediator and they contract with the mediator as to compensation, the parties and the mediator may specify in their contract alternatives to the postponement fees otherwise required herein.

**G. SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO PAY MEDIATOR'S FEE.** Willful failure of a party to make timely payment of that party's share of the mediator's fee (whether the one time, per case, administrative fee, the hourly fee for mediation services or any postponement fee) or willful failure of a party contending indigent status to promptly move the clerk of superior court for a finding of indigency, shall constitute contempt of court and may result, following notice and a hearing, in the imposition of any and all lawful sanctions by the superior court pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 5A.

**RULE 8. MEDIATOR CERTIFICATION AND DECERTIFICATION**

The Commission may receive and approve applications for certification of persons to be appointed as clerk of court mediators.

- A.** For appointment by the clerk as mediator in all cases within the clerk's jurisdiction except guardianship and estate matters, a person shall be certified by the Commission for either the superior or district court mediation programs;
- B.** For appointment by the clerk as mediator in guardianship and estate matters within the clerk's jurisdiction, a person shall be certified as a mediator by the Commission for either the superior or district court programs and complete a course, at least 10 hours in length, approved by the Commission pursuant to Rule 9 concerning estate and guardianship matters within the clerk's jurisdiction;
- C.** Submit proof of qualifications set out in this section on a form provided by the Commission;
- D.** Pay all administrative fees established by the NCAOC upon the recommendation of the Commission; and
- E.** Agree to accept, as payment in full of a party's share of the mediator's fee, the fee ordered by the clerk pursuant to Rule 7.

Certification may be revoked or not renewed at any time it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commission that a mediator no longer meets the above qualifications or has not faithfully observed these Rules or those of any county in which he or she has served as a mediator or the Standards. Any person who is or has been disqualified by a professional licensing authority of any state for misconduct shall be ineligible to be certified under this Rule.

**RULE 9. CERTIFICATION OF MEDIATION TRAINING PROGRAMS**

- A.** Certified training programs for mediators seeking certification pursuant to these Rules for estate and guardianship matters within the jurisdiction of the clerk of superior court shall consist of a minimum of 10 hours instruction. The curriculum of such programs shall include:
  - (1)** Factors distinguishing estate and guardianship mediation from other types of mediations;

- (2) The aging process and societal attitudes toward the elderly, mentally ill and disabled;
- (3) Ensuring full participation of respondents and identifying interested persons and nonparty participants;
- (4) Medical concerns of the elderly, mentally ill and disabled;
- (5) Financial and accounting concerns in the administration of estates and of the elderly, mentally ill and disabled;
- (6) Family dynamics relative to the elderly, mentally ill and disabled and to the families of deceased persons;
- (7) Assessing physical and mental capacity;
- (8) Availability of community resources for the elderly, mentally ill and disabled;
- (9) Principles of guardianship law and procedure;
- (10) Principles of estate law and procedure;
- (11) Statute, rules and forms applicable to mediation conducted under these Rules; and
- (12) Ethical and conduct issues in mediations conducted under these Rules.

The Commission may adopt Guidelines for trainers amplifying the above topics and set out minimum time frames and materials that trainers shall allocate to each topic. Any such Guidelines shall be available at the Commission's office and posted on its website.

- B.** A training program must be certified by the Commission before attendance at such program may be used for compliance with Rule 8.B. Certification need not be given in advance of attendance. Training programs attended prior to the promulgation of these Rules or attended in other states may be approved by the Commission if they are in substantial compliance with the standards set forth in this Rule.
- C.** To complete certification, a training program shall pay all administrative fees established by the NCAOC in consultation with the Commission.



**RULE 10. PROCEDURAL DETAILS**

The clerk of superior court shall make all those orders just and necessary to safeguard the interests of all persons and may supplement all necessary procedural details not inconsistent with these Rules.

**RULE 11. DEFINITIONS**

- A. The term, clerk of superior court, as used throughout these Rules, shall refer both to said clerk or assistant clerk.
- B. The phrase, NCAOC forms, shall refer to forms prepared by, printed and distributed by the NCAOC to implement these Rules or forms approved by local rule which contain at least the same information as those prepared by the NCAOC. Proposals for the creation or modification of such forms may be initiated by the Commission.

**RULE 12. TIME LIMITS**

Any time limit provided for by these Rules may be waived or extended for good cause shown. Service of papers and computation of time shall be governed by the N.C.R.Civ.P.