

# NORTH CAROLINA REPORTS

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SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA



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RALEIGH  
2022

**ORDER AMENDING THE RULES FOR SETTLEMENT  
PROCEDURES IN DISTRICT COURT FAMILY FINANCIAL  
CASES**

Pursuant to subsection 7A-38.4A(k) and subsection 7A-38.4A(o) of the General Statutes of North Carolina, the Court hereby amends the Rules for Settlement Procedures in District Court Family Financial Cases. This order affects Rules 4, 8, and 9.

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**Rule 4. Duties of Parties, Attorneys, and Other Participants in Mediated Settlement Conferences**

**(a) Attendance.**

- (1) **Persons Required to Attend.** The following persons shall attend a mediated settlement conference:
  - a. The parties.
  - b. At least one counsel of record for each party whose counsel has appeared in the case.
- (2) **Attendance Required Through the Use of Remote Technology.** Any party or person required to attend a mediated settlement conference shall attend the conference using remote technology; for example, by telephone, videoconference, or other electronic means. The conference shall conclude when an agreement is reduced to writing and signed, as provided in subsection ~~(b)~~(c) of this rule, or when an impasse is declared. Notwithstanding this remote attendance requirement, the conference may be conducted in person if:
  - a. the mediator and all parties and persons required to attend the conference agree to conduct the conference in person and to comply with all federal, state, and local safety guidelines that have been issued; or
  - b. the court, upon motion of a party and notice to the mediator and to all parties and persons required to attend the conference, so orders.
- (3) **Excusing the Attendance Requirement.** Any party or person may be excused from the requirement to attend a mediated settlement conference with the consent of all parties and persons required to attend the conference and the mediator.

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(b) **Scheduling.** Participants required to attend the mediated settlement conference shall promptly notify the mediator, after selection or appointment, of any significant problems that they may have with the dates for mediated settlement conference sessions before the completion deadline, and shall inform the mediator of any problems that arise before an anticipated conference session is scheduled by the mediator. If a scheduling conflict in another court proceeding arises after a conference session has been scheduled by the mediator, then participants shall promptly attempt to resolve the conflict under Rule 3.1 of the General Rules of Practice for the Superior and District Courts, or, if applicable, the Guidelines for Resolving Scheduling Conflicts adopted by the State-Federal Judicial Council of North Carolina on 20 June 1985.

(c) **Finalizing Agreement.**

- (1) If an agreement is reached at the mediated settlement conference, then the parties shall reduce the essential terms of the agreement to writing.
  - a. If the parties conclude the mediated settlement conference with a written document containing all of the terms of their agreement for property distribution and do not intend to submit their agreement to the court for approval, then the agreement shall be signed by all parties and formally acknowledged as required by N.C.G.S. § 50-20(d). If the parties conclude the conference with a written document containing all of the terms of their agreement and intend to submit their agreement to the court for approval, then the agreement shall be signed by all parties, but need not be formally acknowledged. In all cases, the mediator shall report a settlement to the court and include in the report the name of the person responsible for filing closing documents with the court.
  - b. If the parties reach an agreement at the mediated settlement conference regarding property distribution and do not intend to submit their agreement to the court for approval, but are unable to complete a final document reflecting their settlement or have it signed and acknowledged as required by N.C.G.S. § 50-20(d), then the parties shall produce a written summary of their understanding and use it to guide them in writing any agreements as may be required

to give legal effect to their understanding. If the parties intend to submit their agreement to the court for approval, then the agreement must be in writing and signed by the parties, but need not be formally acknowledged. The mediator shall facilitate the production of the summary and shall either:

1. report to the court that the matter has been settled and include in the report the name of the person responsible for filing closing documents with the court; or
2. declare, in the mediator's discretion, a recess of the mediated settlement conference.

If a recess is declared, then the mediator may schedule another session of the conference if the mediator determines that it would assist the parties in finalizing a settlement.

- (2) In all cases where an agreement is reached after being ordered to mediation, whether prior to, or during, the mediation, or during a recess, the parties shall file a consent judgment or voluntary dismissal with the court within thirty days of the agreement or before the expiration of the mediation deadline, whichever is later. The mediator shall report to the court that the matter has been settled and who reported the settlement.
- (3) An agreement regarding the distribution of property, reached at a proceeding conducted under this section or during a recess of the mediated settlement conference, which has not been approved by a court, shall not be enforceable unless it has been reduced to writing, signed by the parties, and acknowledged as required under N.C.G.S. § 50-20(d).

(d) **Payment of the Mediator's Fee.** The parties shall pay the mediator's fee as provided by Rule 7.

(e) **No Recording.** There shall be no stenographic, audio, or video recording of the mediation process by any participant. This prohibition includes recording either surreptitiously or with the agreement of the parties.

**Comment**

**Comment to Rule 4(c).** Consistent with N.C.G.S. § 7A-38.4A(j), no settlement shall be enforceable unless it has been reduced to writing and signed by the parties. When a settlement is reached during a mediated settlement conference, the mediator shall ensure that the terms of the agreement are reduced to writing and signed by the parties and their attorneys before ending the conference.

Cases in which an agreement on all issues has been reached should be disposed of as expeditiously as possible.

This assures that the mediator and the parties move the case toward disposition while honoring the private nature of the mediation process and the mediator's duty of confidentiality. If the parties wish to keep the terms of the settlement confidential, then they may timely file closing documents with the court, as long as those documents do not contain confidential terms (e.g., a voluntary dismissal or consent judgment resolving all claims). Mediators will not be required by local rules to submit agreements to the court.

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**Rule 8. Mediator Certification and Decertification**

(a) The Commission may receive and approve applications for certification of persons to be appointed as mediators for family financial matters in district court. In order to be certified, an applicant must satisfy the requirements of this subsection.

- (1) The applicant for certification must have a basic understanding of North Carolina family law. Applicants should be able to demonstrate that they have completed at least twelve hours of basic family law education by:
  - a. attending workshops or programs on topics such as separation and divorce, alimony and postseparation support, equitable distribution, child custody and support, and domestic violence;
  - b. completing an independent study on these topics, such as viewing or listening to video or audio programs on family law topics; or
  - c. having equivalent North Carolina family law experience, including work experience that satisfies one of the categories set forth in the Commission's policy on interpreting Rule 8(a)(1) (e.g., the applicant is an experienced family law judge or board certified family law attorney).

- (2) The applicant for certification must:
- a. have an Advanced Practitioner Designation from the Association for Conflict Resolution (ACR) and have earned an undergraduate degree from an accredited four-year college or university; or
  - b. have completed either (i) forty hours of Commission-certified family and divorce mediation training; or (ii) forty hours of Commission-certified trial court mediation training and sixteen hours of Commission-certified supplemental family and divorce mediation training; and be
    1. a member in good standing of the North Carolina State Bar or a member similarly in good standing of the bar of another state and eligible to apply for admission to the North Carolina State Bar under Chapter 1, Subchapter C, of the North Carolina State Bar Rules and the Rules Governing the Board of Law Examiners and the Training of Law Students, 27 N.C. Admin. Code 1C.0105, with at least five years of experience after the date of licensure as a judge, practicing attorney, law professor, or mediator, or must possess equivalent experience;
    2. a licensed psychiatrist under N.C.G.S. § 90-9.1, with at least five years of experience in the field after the date of licensure;
    3. a licensed psychologist under N.C.G.S. §§ 90-270.1 to -270.22, with at least five years of experience in the field after the date of licensure;
    4. a licensed marriage and family therapist under N.C.G.S. §§ 90-270.45 to -270.63, with at least five years of experience in the field after the date of licensure;
    5. a licensed clinical social worker under N.C.G.S. § 90B-7, with at least five years of experience in the field after the date of licensure;
    6. a licensed professional counselor under N.C.G.S. §§ 90-329 to -345, with at least five

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years of experience in the field after the date of licensure; or

7. an accountant certified in North Carolina, with at least five years of experience in the field after the date of certification.
- c. Any person who has not been certified as a mediator pursuant to these rules may be certified without compliance with subsection (a)(2)(b) and subsection (a)(5) of this rule if
1. the applicant for certification is a member in good standing of the North Carolina State Bar or a member similarly in good standing of the bar of another state and eligible to apply for admission to the North Carolina State Bar under Chapter 1, Subchapter C, of the North Carolina State Bar Rules and the Rules Governing the Board of Law Examiners and the Training of Law Students, 27 N.C. Admin. Code 1C.0105, with at least five years of experience after the date of licensure as a judge, practicing attorney, law professor, or mediator, or must possess equivalent experience; and meets the following additional requirements:
    - i. the applicant applies for certification within one year from 10 June 2020;
    - ii. the applicant has, by selection of the parties, mediated at least ten family financial settlement cases in the North Carolina District Court within the last five years, as shown by proof satisfactory to the Commission staff; and
    - iii. the applicant has taken a sixteen-hour supplemental family and divorce mediation training program approved by the Commission wherein the statutes, program rules, advisory opinions, and ethics, including the Standards of Professional Conduct for Mediators, are discussed;

or

2. the applicant for certification is a nonattorney who meets one of the required licensures set forth in subsection (a)(2)(b)(2) through subsection (a)(2)(b)(7) of this rule, and meets the following additional requirements:
  - i. the applicant applies for certification within one year from 10 June 2020;
  - ii. the applicant has, by selection of the parties, mediated at least fifteen family financial settlement cases in the North Carolina District Court within the last five years, as shown by proof satisfactory to the Commission staff; and
  - iii. the applicant has taken a forty-hour family and divorce mediation training course and the six-hour training on North Carolina legal terminology, court structure, and civil procedure course approved by the Commission.
- (3) If the applicant is not licensed to practice law in one of the United States, then the applicant must have completed six hours of training on North Carolina legal terminology, court structure, and civil procedure, provided by a Commission-certified trainer. An attorney licensed to practice law in a state other than North Carolina shall satisfy this requirement by completing a self-study course, as directed by Commission staff.
- (4) If the applicant is not licensed to practice law in North Carolina, then the applicant must provide three letters of reference to the Commission about the applicant's good character, including at least one letter from a person with knowledge of the applicant's professional practice and experience qualifying the applicant under subsection (a) of this rule.
- (5) The applicant must have observed, as a neutral observer and with the permission of the parties, two mediations involving a custody or family financial issue conducted by a mediator who (i) is certified under these rules, (ii) has an Advanced Practitioner Designation from the ACR, or (iii) is a mediator certified by the NCAOC for custody



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matters. Mediations eligible for observation shall also include mediations conducted in matters prior to litigation of family financial disputes that are mediated by agreement of the parties and incorporate these rules.

If the applicant is not an attorney licensed to practice law in one of the United States, then the applicant must observe three additional mediations involving civil or family-related disputes, or disputes prior to litigation that are conducted by a Commission-certified mediator and are conducted pursuant to a court order or an agreement of the parties incorporating the mediation rules of a North Carolina state or federal court.

All mediations shall be observed from their beginning until settlement, or until the point that an impasse has been declared, and shall be reported by the applicant on a Certificate of Observation - Family Financial Settlement Conference Program, Form AOC-DRC-08. All observers shall conform their conduct to the Commission's policy on *Guidelines for Observer Conduct*.

- (6) The applicant must demonstrate familiarity with the statutes, rules, standards of practice, and standards of conduct governing mediated settlement conferences conducted in North Carolina.
- (7) The applicant must be of good moral character and adhere to the Standards of Professional Conduct for Mediators when acting under these rules. On his or her application(s) for certification or application(s) for certification renewal, an applicant shall disclose any:
  - a. pending criminal charges;
  - b. criminal convictions;
  - c. restraining orders issued against him or her;
  - d. failures to appear;
  - e. ~~pending or~~ closed grievances or complaints filed with a professional licensing, certifying, or regulatory body, whether in North Carolina, another state, or another country;
  - f. disciplinary action taken against him or her by a professional licensing, certifying, or regulatory body, whether in North Carolina, another state, or

- another country, including, but not limited to, disbarment, revocation, decertification, or suspension of any professional license or certification, including the suspension or revocation of any license, certification, registration, or qualification to serve as a mediator in another state or country, even if stayed;
- g. ~~judicial sanctions imposed against him or her in any jurisdiction;~~~~or~~
  - h. ~~civil judgments, tax liens, or bankruptcy filings that occurred within the ten years preceding the date that the initial or renewal application was filed with the Commission;~~~~or~~
  - i. pending grievances or complaints filed with a professional licensing, certifying, or regulatory body, whether in North Carolina, another state, or another country.

~~A mediator shall report to the Commission any of the above-enumerated matters arising subsequent to the disclosures reported on the initial or renewal application for certification within thirty days of receiving notice of the matter.~~

If a matter listed in subsections (a)(7)(a) through (a)(7)(h) of this rule arises after a mediator submits his or her initial or renewal application for certification, then the mediator shall report the matter to the Commission no later than thirty days after receiving notice of the matter.

If a pending grievance or complaint described in subsection (a)(7)(i) of this rule is filed after a mediator submits his or her initial or renewal application for certification, then the mediator shall report the matter to the Commission no later than thirty days after receiving notice of the matter or, if a response to the grievance or complaint is permitted by the professional licensing, certifying, or regulatory body, no later than thirty days after the due date for the response.

As referenced in this subsection, criminal charges or convictions (excluding infractions) shall include felonies, misdemeanors, or misdemeanor traffic violations (including driving while impaired) under the law of North

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Carolina or another state, or under the law of a federal, military, or foreign jurisdiction, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld (prayer for judgment continued) or the imposition of a sentence was suspended.

- (8) The applicant must submit proof of the qualifications set out in this rule on a form provided by the Commission.
- (9) The applicant must pay all administrative fees established by the NCAOC upon the recommendation of the Commission.
- (10) The applicant must agree to accept the fee ordered by the court under Rule 7 as payment in full of a party's share of the mediator's fee.
- (11) The applicant must comply with the requirements of the Commission for completing and reporting continuing mediator education or training.
- (12) The applicant must agree, once certified, to make reasonable efforts to assist applicants for mediator certification in completing their observation requirements.

(b) No mediator who held a professional license and relied upon that license to qualify for certification under subsection (a)(2)(b) of this rule shall be decertified or denied recertification because the mediator's license lapses, is relinquished, or becomes inactive; provided, however, that this subsection shall not apply to a mediator whose professional license is revoked, suspended, lapsed, or relinquished, or whose professional license becomes inactive due to disciplinary action, or the threat of disciplinary action, from the mediator's licensing authority. Any mediator whose professional license is revoked, suspended, lapsed, relinquished, or whose professional license becomes inactive shall report the matter to the Commission.

(c) A mediator's certification may be revoked or not renewed at any time if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commission that a mediator no longer meets the qualifications set out in this rule or has not faithfully observed these rules or those of any judicial district in which he or she has served as a mediator. Any person who is or has been disqualified by a professional licensing authority of any state for misconduct shall be ineligible for certification under this rule. No application for certification renewal shall be denied on the ground that the mediator's training and experience does not satisfy a training and experience requirement promulgated after the date of the mediator's original certification.

**Comment**

**Comment to Rule 8(a)(3).** demonstrate sufficient familiarity with North Carolina legal terminology, court structure, and civil procedure. Commission staff has discretion to waive the requirements set out in Rule 8(a)(3) if an applicant can

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**Rule 9. Certification of Mediation Training Programs**

(a) Certified training programs for mediators who are seeking certification under Rule 8(a)(2)(b) shall consist of a minimum of forty hours of instruction. The curriculum of such programs shall include the following topics:

- (1) Conflict resolution and mediation theory.
- (2) Mediation process and techniques, including the process and techniques of mediating family and divorce matters in district court.
- (3) Communication and information gathering.
- (4) Standards of conduct for mediators, including, but not limited to, the Standards of Professional Conduct for Mediators.
- (5) Statutes, rules, and practices governing mediated settlement conferences for family financial matters in district court.
- (6) Demonstrations of mediated settlement conferences, both with and without attorney involvement.
- (7) Simulations of mediated settlement conferences, involving student participation as the mediator, attorneys, and disputants, which shall be supervised, observed, and evaluated by program faculty.
- (8) An overview of North Carolina law as it applies to child custody and visitation, equitable distribution, alimony, child support, and postseparation support.
- (9) An overview of family dynamics, the effect of divorce on children and adults, and child development.
- (10) Protocols for screening cases for issues involving domestic violence and substance abuse.
- (11) Satisfactory completion of an exam by all students testing their familiarity with the statutes, rules, and practices governing settlement procedures for family financial matters in district court.

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(12) Technology and how to effectively utilize technology during a mediation.

(b) Certified training programs for mediators certified under Rule 8(a) shall consist of a minimum of sixteen hours of instruction and the curriculum shall include the topics listed in subsection (a) of this rule. There shall be at least two simulations as required by subsection (a)(7) of this rule.

(c) A training program must be certified by the Commission before a mediator's attendance at the program may be used to satisfy the training requirement under Rule 8(a). Certification does not need to be given in advance of attendance. Training programs attended prior to the promulgation of these rules, attended in other states, or approved by the ACR may be approved by the Commission if they are in substantial compliance with the standards set forth in this rule. The Commission may require attendees of an ACR-approved program to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of subsections (a)(5) and (a)(8) of this rule.

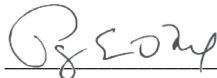
(d) To complete certification, a training program shall pay all administrative fees required by the NCAOC, in consultation with the Commission.

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These amendments to the Rules for Settlement Procedures in District Court Family Financial Cases become effective on 1 October 2021.

This order shall be published in the North Carolina Reports and posted on the rules web page of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

Ordered by the Court in Conference, this the 25th day of August 2021.

  
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For the Court

WITNESS my hand and the seal of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, this the 27th day of August 2021.

  
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AMY L. FUNDERBURK  
Clerk of the Supreme Court